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Calls will receive prompt attention day or night from
S. B. Warner, funeral director and practical embalmer.

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WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY

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Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions
SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES.
SANTA FE NEW MEXICO

OJO CALIENTE (HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barron Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the springs. The temperature of these waters is from 95° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year around. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 168.34 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures attended to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Mercular Affections, Scrophulous Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

—First-Class in all Particulars—

-The Palace Hotel- WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

COAL & TRANSFER, LUMBER AND FEED.

All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.

CHAS. W. DUDROW, Prop

THE NEW TERRITORY

Form of Government Decided On for
Hawaii, Which Will Be a
Territorial One.

TO HAVE A REPRESENTATIVE

In Congress, and a Governor to Be Ap-
pointed by the President At a
Salary of \$5,000 or \$6,000
Per Year.

Honolulu, Sept. 24, via San Francisco.
—The Hawaiian Star has published an outline of the form of government decided upon for Hawaii by the congressional commission. The Star says it will be called the territory of Hawaii and be allowed one representative in congress. The governor will be appointed by the president and he paid a salary of \$5,000 or \$6,000 per year. The commission will make no recommendation as to the appointment of a governor. Hawaii will have a legislature and make its own laws, subject to the approval of congress. There will be no change in the present form of the legislature. A vote for a senator in the territory of Hawaii, the elector must possess an annual income of \$6,000; but in everything else his franchise is free, unrestricted by any qualification, educational or otherwise. The judiciary system will remain undisturbed. The supreme court will probably be given jurisdiction in United States cases and judges be appointed for four years instead of for life. It is understood the question of citizenship will be referred to the State department at Washington for final decision.

LAUNCHING THE ILLINOIS.

Great Crowds of Prominent People Gathered
from All Over the Country Witnessed
the Notable Event.

Newport News, Va., Oct. 3.—Newport News is thronged with visitors from far and near to witness the launching of the battleship Illinois. Chicago and Washington are represented by delegations of prominent men, and it is believed that fully 30,000 persons witnessed the ceremonies attendant upon the launching. Among prominent persons from the national capital were Assistant Secretary of the Navy Allen, Commodore and Mrs. M. T. Endicott, Captain A. S. Crowninshield, Paymaster General Edwin Stewart, Engineer-in-Chief George W. Melville, Chief Constructor Philip Hiebhorn, Captain and Mrs. Samuel Clemey, Judge Advocate General, Assistant Secretary of War Melkijohn and Secretary of Agriculture Wilson. Governor Tanner's party arrived at Old Point Comfort at 10 o'clock last night. The preliminaries began at 10 a. m., when the christening party passed through an immense throng gathered around the red hull of the Illinois. Later, the battleship Illinois was launched at 12:33 p. m. today.

Gulf Road Reorganization.

New York, Oct. 3.—A plan of reorganization of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf railroad issued yesterday, provides for issues of \$20,000,000 first mortgage 4 per cent bonds, \$8,500,000 4 per cent first preferred stock; \$8,500,000 non-cumulative second preferred stock and \$31,000,000 common stock. A voting trust is established for five years and further until the first preferred stock receives the full dividend of three consecutive years. Common stock is assessed \$10 a share, and under the writing a syndicate is formed which takes various amounts as new securities. The estimated net earnings are placed at \$1,050,000 and fixed charges at \$621,420. Present consolidated bonds receive 50 per cent new 4s and 30 per cent each first and second preferred stock. Common stock obtains for \$10 assessment 2 1/2 per cent new 4s, 5 per cent each of the first and second preferred stock and 10 per cent common stock. Provision is also made for subsidiary lines.

ONE BY ONE THE ROSES FALL.

Ship Load After Ship Load of Dons Are
Shipped from Puerto Rico Back to
the Old Country.

San Juan, Puerto Rico, Oct. 4.—The transport De Saturnegui, just arrived from Spain, is taking on troops and will sail today for the old country. The transport Iria may have sailed for Spain with 1,300 troops. It is rumored that Captain General Macias will leave on the Alcade which is expected daily. The United States hospital ship Solace, with 55 convalescents on board, has sailed for New York. The Mayflower sailed this afternoon. Her commander collected evidence here concerning the French steamer Rodriguez, a prize of the New Orleans, and the question to be determined is whether the Rodriguez attempted to enter the port of San Juan. The Spanish troops were evacuating Caguas yesterday. Arevalo will be delivered over to the Americans tomorrow. American troops are closing in rapidly, and the Spaniards concentrating in large numbers at this place.

McIntyre Court Martial Serial Continued.

Denver, Oct. 4.—When the court martial of Chaplain McIntyre was resumed today, the defendant, who pleaded illness on the occasion of his lecture on August 8, was cross examined. The chaplain said in Chicago he was interviewed in regard to the trip of the Oregon and the battle of July 3. The published reports horrified him, made him decide to have nothing more to do with reporters. His horror was due to the fact that the reports were different from what he intended to say. He could not remember what the reports were. The chaplain said he could not tell what he said in the lecture. He was first convinced he had said what he did not intend, when he found friends had been offended by the lecture. He had no intention of sneering at Captain Evans. The judge advocate read alleged interviews in the Denver papers, some of which the chaplain had said misquoted him.

New York Bank Failure.

New York, Oct. 4.—At the clearing house today it was stated that the Trades-men's National bank had failed to clear, and the bank had gone into liquidation. The Trades-men's bank is one of the oldest in the city, and has for a long time identified with the wool exchange.

HAVE BEGUN PLUNDERING.

United States Troops Dispatched to Man-
zanillo to Restore Order and Punish
Predatory Cuban Soldiers.

New York, Oct. 4.—A dispatch to the Herald from Santiago says: It is learned on good authority that General Calixto Garcia has accepted a position with the American administration here, as predicted. Garcia is to receive \$500 a month and all expenses. He will act as commissioner to go through the country and conduct negotiations with the Cuban army with a view to its disbanding. On his return he will go to the United States with General Wood to confer with the authorities at Washington. Serious disorders due to insurgents are reported in the vicinity of Manzanillo, and General Lawton is dispatching the steamer Reina de Los Angeles, with one battalion of four companies from the 2d Immune regiment under Colonel Ray. General Wood will probably go with Colonel Ray to inquire into the charges against the Cubans, and endeavor to relieve the delicate situation at Manzanillo. It is said the Cubans plundered sugar estates, and that the American troops are to deal with offenders with the utmost severity, and he has power to order the death penalty for theft or attempted violence.

Great Times in Denver.

Denver, Oct. 4.—The 4th annual festival of mountain and plain was opened this afternoon with a pageant representing American progress. In the procession were 36 magnificent floats, a large number of decorated carriages and 29 military bands. The festival will continue three days with a great parade each day. It is estimated that 50,000 visitors are in the city. The principal buildings are handsomely decorated.

THE CUBAN PROBLEM.

Unenviable Condition of Affairs in Havana
Province Which It Will Take Time
to Straighten Out.

Havana, Oct. 4.—Lieutenants Wade and Marsh paid a visit to the municipal authorities, on whose report of the fearful condition of affairs there the United States commissioners had called. It is expected that a joint session of the military commissioners will be held today. Captain General Blanco has issued a decree granting volunteers a discharge to take effect after the approaching monthly review. A decree has been issued prohibiting the confiscation of cattle by all branches of the army and by all irregular troops. The auxiliary troops at Cardenas surrendered their arms to the military governor September 30. It is reported at headquarters that the Cuban government is being moved within a fortnight to Yaguajay, a seaside resort near Cardenas. The mortality at Guines, whose population is 10,000, numbers 3,000 there were 252 deaths during September.

GENERAL WHEELER ON THE STAND.

He Makes Plain the Failure of General
Torral's Forces to Make a Sortie
from the Trenches.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The war investigating commission began the examination of witnesses today by placing General Joseph Wheeler on the stand. General Wheeler, of Pennsylvania, conducted the examination, bringing out the story of operations around Santiago. "General Wheeler," he said, "I served General Wheeler for the general he displayed in forwarding supplies to the troops. He devoted himself to this task, and there is no doubt he succeeded. We used pack trains, and there was comparatively little suffering because of the shortness of quartermaster's supplies." General Wheeler said, in response to questions, that there was no reason why the Spanish troops should not have made a sortie from Santiago. He asked General Torral after the surrender why he had not attacked the United States forces. The latter replied that the failure to do so was because his men were footsore. Yet General Wheeler could not accept this explanation, for the Spaniards fought with vigor because they were footsore. Wheeler's opinion was that the Spanish commander was not able to face the Americans in the open.

Discussing the plan of the campaign, he said doubtfully whether any effective plan could have been adopted, and in speaking of the medical department he said at times there were complaints, but they were not serious. Men were forced to live in sun and water alternately, and necessarily there was much sickness. In reply to questions, he stated he had never heard of any shortage in the commissary or ordnance supplies at Santiago, but he had been told the medical supplies were short, yet he had no personal knowledge on this point. The spirit of the army was high, he said, that there was no disposition to complain. "The men were all proud to be there and willing to undergo hardships." In reply to questions from Colonel Denby, General Wheeler said the regulars had shown greater ability to take care of themselves than the volunteers. Volunteer cavalrymen were not so negligent as some volunteers, because they were generally western men used to camping. He thought this fact had a strong influence in maintaining the health of regulars better than that of the volunteers.

Senatorial Caucusing.

Salem, Ore., Oct. 5.—Thirty-six Republican members of the legislature held a caucus last night, to nominate a candidate for United States senator. H. W. Corbett received 31 votes, three short of a majority of the Republican members of the legislature, and 15 short of a majority on the joint ballot. At a caucus of Populists, it is understood, it was decided to support the secretary of state, H. R. Kincaid, a Silver Republican, for United States senator.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Oct. 4.—Money on call steady 2 1/4 to 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 1/4 to 4 1/4. Silver, 60 1/2; lead, \$3.80; copper, 11.
Chicago.—Wheat, Oct., 63 1/4; Dec., 62 1/4. Corn, Oct., 29 1/4; Dec., 29 1/4. Oats, Oct., 21; Dec., 20 1/2.
Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 4,000, including 2,000 westerns; market steady to 10c lower; beefs, \$4.00 to \$5.75; cows and heifers, \$2.00 to \$4.70; Texas steers, \$3.10 to \$3.90; westerns, \$3.00 to \$4.35; stockers and feeders, \$2.20 to \$4.00. Sheep, receipts, 18,000; steady; natives, \$2.90 to \$4.60; westerns, \$3.50 to \$4.45; lambs, \$3.75 to \$6.00.
Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 16,000; market steady; native steers, \$3.75 to \$5.50; Texas steers, \$2.50 to \$4.55; Texas cows, \$1.75 to \$3.00; native cows and heifers, \$1.25 to \$4.55; stockers and feeders, \$2.10 to \$3.00; bulls, \$2.25 to \$3.50. Sheep, 7,000; steady; lambs, \$4.00 to \$5.25; muttons, \$3.20 to \$4.25.

STRAIGHTENING THINGS OUT.

General Wood As Military Governor of San-
tiago De Cuba, Oct. 4.—General
Wood proposes to inaugurate a system
of municipal taxation making taxes
retroactive to September 1. Custom
house funds cannot be legally taken
for municipal improvements, though the
present surplus is \$100,000. Conse-
quently another source of revenue must
be found. There was a law to tax every
business and every body, but since the
occupation of Santiago by the American
troops, these taxes have not been
collected. Now however, the minimum
rates will be exacted which will bring
in a revenue of \$150,000 per month which
is badly needed for local improvements.

Water in the dry season costs 25 cents a barrel. General Wood proposes to bore artesian wells, and obtain a plentiful supply of water, also to build boulevards, around the city, thus practically extending the limits making the outskirts the most popular part. General Garcia called on General Wood yesterday, and proposes going to Washington to advocate General Wood's plan of disbanding the Cuban army.

MASSACHUSETTS SILVER TOPS.

They Met at Worcester Today and Put Up
a Ticket for Slauhter in November.

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 4.—The Democratic state convention opened today with little of that excitement which for the past two or three years has been a feature at the meeting of the leaders of that party in this state. This was principally due to the fact that those who still oppose the leaders now in authority have decided to wait for another year before again attempting to obtain control.

The ticket nominated at the Democratic state convention today is as follows: Governor, Alexander B. Bruce, of Worcester; lieutenant governor, Edward J. Slattery of Farmington; secretary of the commonwealth, Henry Lloyd of Boston; treasurer and receiver, General Pierre Bonvoulier of Holyoke; auditor, Charles E. Parker of Boston; attorney, Patrick F. Kilroy of Springfield.

The platform "Indorses and reaffirms with emphasis and profound conviction the great, patriotic principle adopted by the party at the national convention held in Chicago, 1896." The statement that business is in a more deplorable state than in 1896, is followed by a demand for silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The declaration is made that the country should follow the policy of Washington as announced in his farewell address, that we should cultivate friendly relationships with all nations, and entangling alliances with none.

Trouble Among Brethren.

St. Louis, Oct. 4.—As a result of difference of opinion, Grand Master Workman W. H. Miller, Ancient Order of the United Workmen, removed from office Walter F. McEntire, chairman of the committee on finance.

The matter will most likely be taken before the grand lodge for final adjudication. Members of the order question the right of the grand master to remove McEntire. It is asserted there the proper course would have been to prefer charges against McEntire.

Teddy Notified.

New York, Oct. 4.—The committee appointed to notify the candidates of the nomination of the state Republican convention at Saratoga went to the home of Colonel Roosevelt, the nominee for governor, at Oyster Bay, today.

Mr. Depew made the notifying address, to which Colonel Roosevelt, in reply, said: "It is no more possible to conduct a state election now without regard to national issues than it was possible to conduct one in 1861 or 1863. In 1861 we had to preserve the republic for its great destiny; in 1888 we have to take long strides toward the accomplishment of that destiny."

When the children get their feet wet and a cold gripes them a hot foot bath, a bowl of hot drink, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and put them to bed. The chances are they will be all right in the morning. Continue the Cherry Pectoral a few days, until all cough has disappeared.

Old coughs are also cured; we mean the coughs of bronchitis, weak throats and irritable lungs. Even the hard coughs of consumption are always made easy and frequently cured by the continued use of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Every doctor knows that wild cherry bark is the best remedy known to medical science for soothing and healing inflamed throats and lungs.

Put one of

Dr. Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral
Plasters
over your lungs

The Best Medical
Advice Free.
We have some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Unasked, they will give you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case.
Address, Dr. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.

CITY COUNCIL IN SESSION.

New Street to Be Opened—Opinion of City
Attorney Asked Concerning Payment
of Interest on Bonds.

The regular monthly meeting of the city council was held last night; present, Mayor Hudson, Councilmen Alarid, Bena, Gonzales, Lopez, McPherson, Sena, Solignac and Roybal, and Clerk Ortiz. The reports of the police magistrate, city marshal and city engineer were read and referred to the proper committees. The city physician reported that there was but one case of smallpox in the city. Mr. Bena introduced a resolution, which was duly passed, providing that a street along the south side of Hon. T. B. Catron's residence property, as a continuation of the street running on the south side of the federal building to the Denver & Rio Grande depot, be opened at once.

On motion of Mr. McPherson, the city marshal was instructed to ascertain the cost of a foot bridge across the Rio Santa Fe on Grant avenue and report at the next meeting of the council.

The special committee appointed to confer with the county commissioners regarding the construction of a bridge across the Rio Santa Fe in ward No. 1, was given until the next meeting of the council to make a report.

The following resolution, introduced by Mr. McPherson, was passed:

"Resolved, That the city attorney report at the special meeting to be held on Thursday evening, as to whether or not the city can legally use the current funds of the city to pay, either pro rata or otherwise, anything on account of the interest on the so-called Bateman bonds."

The council then went into executive session, and the mayor appointed Ruperto Padilla, from ward No. 1, and Charles Harris, from ward No. 3, policemen, and the appointments were confirmed.

The council then adjourned until Thursday evening, October 6.

Got to Try Again.

Salem, Ore., Oct. 4.—Both houses today voted for United States senator in separate sessions. The vote was as follows:

House.—H. W. Corbett, 23; M. C. George, 10; George H. Williams, 4; E. S. Eaken, 3; A. S. Bennett (Dem.), 1. Senate.—Corbett, 13; George, 6; Williams, 1; Eaken, 1; Cotton, 1; Bennett, 6. As 40 votes are necessary to a choice there was no election.

Grand Lodge of Masons.

The Grand Lodge of Masons of New Mexico is in session at Albuquerque, with the following officers at their stations:

Grand master, John W. Poe; deputy grand master, R. C. Stewart; grand senior warden, E. E. Day; grand junior warden, E. S. Strover; grand secretary, A. A. Keen; grand treasurer, F. H. Kent; grand chaplain, Rev. Geo. Seabury; grand senior deacon, L. Hofmeister; grand junior deacon, S. I. Roberts; grand marshal, J. C. Slack; grand steward, J. G. Wagner; grand junior steward, F. P. Wilson; grand secretary, A. M. Whitcomb.

In addition, there were representatives from the Blue Lodges in the territory, those reporting yesterday being: Louis Hostetter, Chas. Mills, J. W. Tinsley, Las Cruces; H. M. Dougherty, Socorro; Frank Henning, Raton; F. P. Wilson, Roswell; Frank S. Davis, Santa Fe; A. N. Pratt, Eddy; W. C. Porterfield, E. Cosgrove, Silver City; A. L. Kendall, Cerrillos; G. W. Ward, Las Vegas; T. J. Curran, Santa Fe; J. P. Lantz, Albuquerque, and a number of others.

The Grand Lodge began its sessions yesterday, which was given up to reports of officers, appointment of committees and routine work. The election of officers for the ensuing year was held today, and during the session the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons will complete its organization and install its officers.

Monogram Note Paper.

Monogram note paper is the correct thing for private correspondence. The New Mexican Printing company can furnish the latest styles of this paper and at very low prices. Call and see samples.

Colorado Tourist Rates.

Commencing June 1st, 1898, the Santa Fe Route will place on sale tickets to Denver and return at rate of \$28.50, Colorado Springs, \$23.85, Pueblo, \$21.05, these tickets will be on sale daily until October 15th, 1898, final return limit, October 31st, 1898, for particulars call on any agent of the Santa Fe Route.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent,
Santa Fe N. M.W. J. BLACK, G. P. A.,
Tepoka Kas.Royal makes the food pure,
wholesome and delicious.

FOR SALE BY

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

LIEUTENANT DAME HOME.

Gallant "Rough Rider" Officer Returned to
Cerrillos Sunday—His Opinion of San-
tiago Campaign—Praise for New
Mexico Boys.

Cerrillos, N. M., Oct. 3.—Lieutenant W. E. Dame, who enlisted as first sergeant of troop E, "Rough Riders," and was promoted for gallantry on the field of battle after the charge on San Juan in the rear of Santiago, arrived home last night direct from New York. Lieutenant Dame says that he wishes it to be understood that he has no complaint to make regarding the management of the Santiago campaign, and certainly none of the treatment he and all the "Rough Riders" received after their return to the United States. He expresses the general feeling of the officers and men of his regiment when he states that it was no military picnic—they did not expect one, and were not disappointed. They endured all the hardships incident to a rough campaign in a tropical foreign land, and none were put in more difficult places. The "Rough Riders" have been lauded from one end of the country to the other, they have been winned and dined wherever they have been since their return to the United States, but Lieutenant Dame declares, in his usual vigorous language, that the 1st regular cavalry (white) and the 10th regular cavalry (colored), the other two of the three regiments comprising his brigade, are not to be precisely equal credit with the "Rough Riders." They fought and camped side by side from the day they landed in Cuba until the Spaniards threw up the sponge.

Lieutenant Dame also states that the "Rough Riders" who were left behind at Tampa are entitled to great credit. Every man of them considered it a hardship not to be allowed to participate in the fighting, but they performed their part of the duty without a murmur and are looked upon by the whole regiment as sharing equally in the glory.

New Mexico has been brought very prominently to the front on account of the number of men furnished by the territory for this regiment. Of the 500 enlisted men who participated in the campaign 120 were from New Mexico, and a more gallant body of men was never gathered together. Lieutenant Dame cannot speak too highly of his regimental commanders, Wood and Roosevelt. They were the men who conceived the idea of the "Rough Riders" regiment. Their executive ability is something most remarkable and it is not likely that the country has ever known an achievement equal to theirs. It should be remembered that the regiment was mustered in, equipped, drilled, sent to Cuba, fought its first battle and became famous all within a period of 50 days. General Wood and Colonel Roosevelt's first thoughts were always for the care and comfort of their enlisted men, whose hardships they shared, partaking of the same food and often sleeping under the same blankets. It is safe to say there is not a "Rough Rider" wherever he may hail from, who does not take just as much interest in the gubernatorial campaign now pending in New York as if they were themselves citizens of the Empire state.

Reward.

The sum of six hundred and seventy dollars (\$670) has been subscribed by the estate of the late Francisco Romero y Valencia and by citizens of the town of Lincoln, New Mexico, for the arrest and conviction of the murderer or murderers of Francisco Romero y Valencia, who was killed at his residence below the town of Lincoln on the evening of September 26, A. D. 1898.

SCIPPIO SALAZAR,
President of Committee.Geo. Sena,
Secretary.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897.....	\$951,165,937.00
New Assurance written in 1897.....	156,955,093.00
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined.....	24,491,973.00
Income.....	48,579,369.53
Assets, December 31, 1897.....	336,876,369.04
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities.....	186,333,133.90
Surplus, 4 per cent standard.....	50,543,174.84
Paid Policy Holders in 1897.....	21,106,314.14

LARGEST

Most Insurance in Force.

STRONGEST

Largest Surplus.

BEST Pays Death Claims Promptly.

Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years). Issues Better Policies.

Walter N. Parkhurst, General Manager,

NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA DEPARTMENT

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.